

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

cen

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|---|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 10/807,536 | 03/24/2004 | Kenji Komori | 008601-0308600 | 3780 |
| 909 . 7590 10/30/2007 PILLSBURY WINTHROP SHAW PITTMAN, LLP | | | EXAMINER | |
| P.O. BOX 10500 | | | RYMAN, DANIEL J | |
| MCLEAN, VA 22102 | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| | | | 2616 | |
| | | | | |
| | | | MAIL DATE | DELIVERY MODE |
| | | | 10/30/2007 | PAPER |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

| • | | • | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | |
| | 10/807,536 | KOMORI ET AL. | | | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | | |
| | Daniel J. Ryman | 2616 | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply | ears on the cover sheet with th | ne correspondence address | | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | ATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply but apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS for cause the application to become ABANDO | ION. ie timely filed from the mailing date of this communication. ONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). | | | |
| Status | | | | | |
| | 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 June 2004. | | | | |
| ,— | - | | | | |
| 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is | | | | | |
| closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. | | | | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | | | |
| 4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are pending in the application. | | | | | |
| 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. | | | | | |
| 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. | | | | | |
| 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are rejected. | | | | | |
| 7) Claim(s) 1,2,4 and 6-10 is/are objected to. | | | | | |
| 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o | r election requirement. | , | | | |
| Application Papers | | • | | | |
| 9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Examine | r. | | | | |
| 10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on 6/21/2004 is/are: a) □ accepted or b)⊠ objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). | | | | | |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). | | | | | |
| 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex | caminer. Note the attached Off | fice Action or form PTO-152. | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | |
| 12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign | priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | 9(a)-(d) or (f). | | | |
| a)⊠ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of: 1.⊠ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. | | | | | |
| 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No | | | | | |
| 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage | | | | | |
| application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | | | | | |
| * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. | | | | | |
| * . | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Au1 | | | | | |
| Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) | | | | |
| 2) Notice of References Cited (FTO-992) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date | | | | |
| 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 3/24/04; 5/4/04. | 5) Notice of Inform 6) Other: | | | | |

Art Unit: 2616

DETAILED ACTION

Drawings

- 1. The drawings are objected to as failing to comply with 37 CFR 1.84(p)(4) because each of reference characters "Processing 1", "Processing 2", "Processing 3", "Processing 4", "Processing 5", "Processing 6", and "Processing 7" has been used to designate different steps in Fig. 5 and Fig. 8. For example, "Processing 1" has been used to designate both the step of obtaining the transmission time T(N) of the packet to be transmitted in Fig. 5 and the step of Receiving NG in Fig. 8. Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. Each drawing sheet submitted after the filing date of an application must be labeled in the top margin as either "Replacement Sheet" or "New Sheet" pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121(d). If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.
- 2. The drawings are objected to as failing to comply with 37 CFR 1.84(p)(5) because they include the following reference character(s) not mentioned in the description: Processing 3, Processing 7, and Processing 8 (see Fig. 5). Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d), or amendment to the specification to add the reference character(s) in the description in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(b) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is

Art Unit: 2616

being amended. Each drawing sheet submitted after the filing date of an application must be labeled in the top margin as either "Replacement Sheet" or "New Sheet" pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121(d). If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Specification

- 3. The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because it exceeds 150 words. Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).
- 4. 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, requires the specification to be written in "full, clear, concise, and exact terms." The specification is replete with terms which are not clear, concise and exact. The specification should be revised carefully in order to comply with 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph. Examples of some unclear, inexact or verbose terms used in the specification are: on page 2, line 10, "the number of requesting the retransmission request" should be "the number of retransmission requests" and on page 2, line 12, "the packet can be stayed in the buffer" should be "the packet can stay in the buffer".

Claim Objections

5. Claim 1 is objected to because of the following informalities: in line 1, "transmitting data" should be "transmitting a packet" since the claim is directed to forming a packet for transmission; in line 3, "a packet" should be "said packet"; in line 4, "time in which" should be "time, wherein the processing time is the time at which"; in line 5, "apparatus to" should be "apparatus, to"; in line 5, "said transmitting data" should be "data"; in line 7, "count" should be "track" since a clock tracks time; in line 8, "memorize" should be "store" since a memory stores

Art Unit: 2616

information; in line 9, "time in which" should be "time, wherein the packet transmission time is the time in which" to clarify that it is the packet transmission time that is the time in which the packet travels; in line 9, "packet is arrived" should be "packet travels"; in line 12, "request" should be "requests"; and in line 16, "where" should be "when". Appropriate correction is required.

- 6. Claim 2 is objected to because of the following informalities: in lines 3-4, "than subtracting" should be "than a subtracting" and in line 4, "time obtained" should be "time, wherein said subtracting time is obtained". Appropriate correction is required.
- 7. Claim 4 is objected to because of the following informalities: in line 1, "furthermore" should be "further". Appropriate correction is required.
- 8. Claim 6 is objected to because of the following informalities: in line 1, "transmitting data" should be "transmitting a packet" since the claim is directed to forming a packet for transmission; in line 3, "a packet" should be "said packet"; in line 3, "time in which" should be "time, wherein the processing time is the time at which"; in line 4, "apparatus to" should be "apparatus, to"; in lines 4-5, "said transmitting data" should be "data"; in line 6, "transmitting said packet" should be "transmitting a packet from a transmitter" since "a transmitter" is needed in line 10, as outlined below; in line 7, "counting" should be "tracking" since a clock tracks time; in line 8, "request of said" should be "request for said"; in line 10, "instructing to retransmit" should be "instructing the transmitter to retransmit" to clarify what is being instructed; in line 11, "said packet" should be "a packet"; in lines 11-12, "time in which" should be "time, wherein the packet transmission time is the time in which" to clarify that it is the packet transmission time that is the time in which the packet travels; in line 12, "packet is arrived" should be "packet

Art Unit: 2616

travels"; in line 12, "where" should be "when"; and in line 13, "request" should be "requests". Appropriate correction is required.

- 9. Claim 7 is objected to because of the following informalities: in line 1, "receiving data" should be "receiving a packet"; in line 3, "receive a packet" should be "receive said packet"; in line 4, "which is obtained" should be "wherein the packet is formed in the transmitting apparatus"; in line 6, "to said transmitting data" should be "to data"; in line 7, "count" should be "track"; in line 11, "time in which" should be "time, wherein the remaining time is the time in which"; in line 11, "is outputted from" should be "is held in" since the packet is outputted from the buffer at the processing time; in lines 11-12, "portion based" should be "portion, based"; in line 14, "packet to" should be "packet from"; in line 15, "until" should be "before"; in line 15, "time which reaches" should be "time reaches"; and in line 16, "where" should be "at which point". Appropriate correction is required.
- 10. Claim 8 is objected to because of the following informalities: in line 1, "furthermore" should be "further"; in line 4, "where" should be "when"; in line 5, "cease from transmitting" should be "ceases to transmit"; and in line 6, "where" should be "when". Appropriate correction is required.
- 11. Claim 9 is objected to because of the following informalities: in line 3, "transmitting data" should be "data". Appropriate correction is required.
- 12. Claim 10 is objected to because of the following informalities: in line 2, "packet is data" should be "packet contains data". Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

Art Unit: 2616

13. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 14. Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Reme et al. (USPN 6,922,805).
- Regarding claim 7, Reme discloses a receiving apparatus for receiving data which is 15. transmitted from a transmitting apparatus, comprising: a receiving portion configured to receive a packet transmitted from said transmitting apparatus, which is obtained by adding a processing time in which said packet is processed at said receiving apparatus to said transmitting data (col. 1, lines 1-13, where the receiver comprises means for receiving packets transmitted by a transmitter, where the packets contain an indication of packet processing time, see also col. 3, lines 29-39 and col. 3, lines 51-62); a timer portion configured to count a current time (col. 3, lines 32-39, where the receiver has a time reference which keeps track of a current time); a buffer portion configured to hold said packet until said processing time (col. 3, lines 32-39, where the receiver must store the packets until they are processed); a calculating portion configured to calculate a remaining time in which said packet is outputted from said buffer portion based on said processing time and said current time (col. 3, lines 32-39, where the receiver determines when the packet must be processed so that it must track the time remaining until the packet is to be processed to ensure the packet is processed on time); and a transmitting portion configured to transmit a request signal which requests a retransmission of said packet to said transmitting

Art Unit: 2616

apparatus until said remaining time which reaches a predetermined value where a receive error of said packet occurs (col. 1, lines 39-48, where the receiver determines if there is sufficient time remaining to request a retransmission).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 16. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 17. Claims 1-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Reme et al. (USPN 6,922,805) in view of Zhang et al. (USPN 7,032,153).
- 18. Regarding claims 1 and 6, Reme discloses a transmitting apparatus and method for transmitting data to a receiving apparatus, comprising: a generating portion configured to generate a packet by adding a processing time in which said packet is processed at said receiving apparatus to said transmitting data (col. 1, lines 1-13, where the transmitter comprises means for transmitting packets that contain an indication of packet processing time, see also col. 3, lines 29-39 and col. 3, lines 51-62); a transmitting portion configured to transmit said packet (col. 1, lines 1-13, where the transmitter comprises means for transmitting packets, see also col. 3, lines 29-39); a device for receiving an indication of a current time (col. 2, lines 17-20, where the transmitter receives an indication of the processing time of a packet being processed at the time of retransmission, i.e. a "current time," see also col. 4, lines 23-25); a memory portion configured to memorize a packet transmission time in which said packet is arrived from said transmitting portion to said receiving apparatus (col. 4, lines 44-53, where the transmitter stores

Art Unit: 2616

an estimate of half of the round-trip time, i.e. a packet transmission time); a receiving portion configured to receive a request signal from said receiving apparatus, which request a retransmission of said packet (col. 4, lines 32-33, where the transmitter receives a request for retransmission); and an instructing portion configured to instruct said transmitting portion to retransmit said packet based on said current time, said processing time and said packet transmission time, where said request signal is received (col. 4, lines 44-53, where the transmitter retransmits a packet based on processing time indication in the request, i.e. the current time, the processing time of the packet to be retransmitted, i.e. the processing time, and half of the estimate of the round-trip time, i.e. the packet transmission time).

Reme does not expressly disclose a timer portion configured to count a current time, where the current time is used to determine whether a retransmission should be send. Rather, Reme discloses that the current time is received in the retransmission request (col. 4, lines 22-25) where this is presumably done because the transmitter and the receiver do not have a common time reference (col. 3, lines 34-39). Zhang teaches, in a system handling retransmission requests, determining the number of possible retransmissions based on current system time and the packet's finish time (col. 4, lines 50-56). It is implicit that this system obviates the need to transmit the current processing time with the retransmission request, thereby conserving bandwidth. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to configure a timer portion in the transmitter to count a current time to permit the system of Reme to determine whether a retransmission is possible in a way that obviates the need to transmit the current processing time with the retransmission request, thereby conserving bandwidth.

Art Unit: 2616

- 19. Regarding claim 2, Reme in view of Zhang discloses that said instructing portion instructs said transmitting portion to retransmit said packet where said current time is earlier than subtracting time obtained by subtracting said packet transmission time from said processing time (Reme: col. 4, lines 47-53, see also Zhang: col. 4, lines 50-56).
- 20. Regarding claim 3, Reme in view of Zhang discloses that said instructing portion instructs said transmitting portion not to retransmit said packet where said current time is later than said subtracting time (Reme: col. 4, lines 47-53, see also Zhang: col. 4, lines 50-56).
- 21. Regarding claim 4, Reme in view of Zhang discloses a calculating portion configured to calculate said packet transmission time based on a transmitting time in which a test packet is transmitted and a receiving time in which a return packet corresponding to said test packet is received (Reme: col. 4, lines 47-53, where the transmission time is determined based on an estimate of the round trip time, i.e. "based on a transmitting time in which a test packet is transmitted and a receiving time in which a return packet corresponding to said test packet is received").
- 22. Regarding claim 5, Reme in view of Zhang discloses that said calculating portion calculates a maximum number of retransmission of said packet based on said transmitting time and said receiving time (Zhang: col. 4, lines 40-46, where the system determines the total number of available retransmissions, i.e. "a maximum number of retransmissions").
- 23. Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Reme et al. (USPN 6,922,805).
- 24. Regarding claim 8, Reme discloses a checking portion configured to check said packet where said receive error of said packet occurs (col. 3, line 65-col. 4, line 2, where only "the most

Art Unit: 2616

important packets" are eligible for a retransmission request); wherein said transmitting portion cease from transmitting said request signal where said packet is invalid (col. 3, line 65-col. 4, line 2, where only "the most important packets" are eligible for a retransmission request, such that no retransmission request is sent if the packet is not a "most important packet").

Reme does not expressly disclose that the checking portion checks a header of said packet. Examiner takes official notice that it was well known in the art at the time of the invention to check the header of a packet to determine the packet's type because the header contains information regarding the packet type. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have the checking portion check a header of the packet since the header contains information pertaining to the type of the packet.

- 25. Claims 9 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Reme et al. (USPN 6,922,805) as applied to claim 8 above, and further in view of Robles et al. (USPN 6,282,172).
- 26. Regarding claim 9, Reme does not expressly disclose that the invalid packet is data which is not required to reconstruct said transmitting data. Rather, Reme only discloses that the invalid packet is not a "most important packet" (col. 3, line 65-col. 4, line 2). Robles discloses, in an MPEG system, using null data packets to ensure proper timing in the system (col. 15, lines 35-43). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have the invalid packet include data which is not required to reconstruct said transmitted data so that bandwidth of the system is not wasted requesting retransmissions of packets that do not carry useful information.

Art Unit: 2616

27. Regarding claim 10, Reme in view of Robles discloses that said invalid packet is data which is null data (Robles: col. 15, lines 35-43, where the invalid packets are filled with null data).

Conclusion

28. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Zhu et al. (USPN 5,768,527) see entire document, which pertains to a system for avoiding the useless retransmission of packets. Ido et al. (US 2002/0154600) see entire document, which pertains to a system for avoiding the useless retransmission of packets. Kohno (US 2003/0120802) see entire document, which pertains to a system for avoiding the useless retransmission of packets.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Daniel J. Ryman whose telephone number is (571)272-3152. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Fri. 8:00am-4:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Huy Vu can be reached on (571)272-3155. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 2616

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Daniel J. Ryman Examiner Art Unit 2616

Horal Ryman